



CHANNEL FUNDS

Channel Short Duration Income Fund (CPSIX)

PROSPECTUS

January 28, 2021

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SUMMARY SECTION

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Channel Short Duration Income Fund (the “Fund”) is total return, comprised of both income and capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Redemption Fee (as a percentage of the amount redeemed within 60 days of purchase)	1.00%
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Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.40%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.49%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ¹	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses²	0.90%

1 Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are fees and expenses incurred by the Fund in connection with its investments in other investment companies.

2 Restated to reflect current expenses. Prior to October 1, 2020 the Operating Expense Limitation Agreement provided an expense cap with respect to certain expenses of the Fund of 0.80%. The total operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the average net expense ratio in the Fund’s financial highlights due to the change in expense cap.

Expense Example:

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that all dividends and capital gain distributions are reinvested, and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be different, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<u>1 year</u>	<u>3 years</u>	<u>5 years</u>	<u>10 years</u>
\$ 92	\$ 287	\$ 498	\$ 1,108

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the Example, above, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 178% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of short-term, investment grade fixed income securities. The Fund may purchase intermediate and long-term bonds while maintaining an effective weighted average portfolio duration, under normal circumstances, of one to three and one-half years.

Under normal conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 65% of its net assets in investment grade debt securities. The Fund invests principally in bonds issued by U.S. corporations and the U.S. Government or its agencies. The Fund may also purchase various asset-backed securities. The Fund’s adviser, Channel Investment Partners LLC (the “Adviser”), seeks to add value for Fund investors and to maximize the Fund’s risk-adjusted returns versus the unmanaged Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index® (the “Benchmark Index”) by managing the duration of the Fund’s portfolio and through sector allocation and issue selection.

The Adviser uses a proprietary process that combines economic momentum, inflationary expectations and technical factors to evaluate interest rate changes in order to manage the duration of the Fund's portfolio in an effort to mitigate risk and maximize total return. Duration, generally, is a measure of a security's sensitivity to changes in interest rates and indicates the number of years over which the initial purchase price will be repaid based on its cash flow. In addition to duration management, the Fund invests in securities of varying maturities, typically one to five years consistent with the Benchmark, depending on market conditions. Maturity, unlike duration, indicates the number of years until the security will repay principal, if not sold early.

The Adviser evaluates each sector represented in the Benchmark Index and manages the Fund's portfolio such that the Fund's investments may be over- or under-weighted in a particular sector relative to its Benchmark Index. Sector allocation decisions use many of the same inputs as those analyzed when formulating an interest rate forecast. Generally, the anticipation of narrowing credit spreads suggests a higher allocation to non-Treasury sectors, while widening credit spreads normally dictate a lower allocation.

The Fund may invest up to 35% of its assets in high yield bonds (commonly known as "junk bonds"). Junk bonds are bonds rated below BBB or its equivalent by any nationally recognized securities rating organization, or that are unrated but determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality.

Under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in fixed income securities. The Fund may meet this objective by directly investing in fixed income securities, or by investing in other investment companies (including exchange-traded funds ("ETFs")) that invest primarily in fixed income securities. Fixed income securities in which the Fund typically invests include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored enterprises; corporate debt securities of U.S. issuers, including convertible securities and corporate commercial paper; asset-backed securities; and money market instruments. All fixed income securities will be denominated in U.S. dollars.

Although the Fund aims to be fully invested, a portion of the Fund's portfolio may be allocated to cash or money market funds. By keeping some cash or cash equivalents, the Fund may be able to meet shareholder redemptions without selling stocks and realizing gains and losses. However, the Fund may have difficulty meeting its investment objective if holding a significant cash position.

Principal Risks

All investments involve risks, and the Fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by any government agency. As with any mutual fund investment, the Fund's returns and share price will fluctuate, and you may lose money by investing in the Fund. Below are some of the specific risks of investing in the Fund.

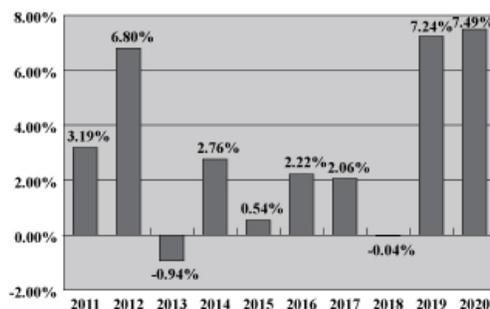
- **Management Risk.** The strategy used by the Adviser may fail to produce the intended results and may lose money.
- **Fixed Income Securities Risks.**
 - **Interest Rate Risk.** The market value of fixed income securities in which the Fund invests and, thus, the Fund's net asset value, can be expected to vary inversely with changes in interest rates.
 - **Duration Risk.** Prices of fixed income securities with longer effective durations are more sensitive to interest rate changes than those with shorter effective durations.
 - **Credit Risk.** The issuer of a fixed income security may not be able or willing to make interest and principal payments when due. Generally, the lower the credit rating of a security, the greater the risk that the issuer will default on its obligation.
 - **High Yield Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in lower-rated, high-yielding bonds (commonly known as "junk bonds"). High yield bonds are considered to be speculative in nature with respect to an issuer's ability to pay interest and principal. These bonds have a greater degree of default risk than higher-rated bonds. Default risk is the possibility that the issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest to the Fund.

- **Prepayment and Extension Risk.** As interest rates decline, the issuers of certain types of fixed income securities may prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities. As interest rates increase, slower than expected principal payments may extend the average life of fixed income securities, locking in below-market interest rates and reducing the value of these securities. There is a greater risk that the Fund will lose money due to prepayment and extension risks when the Fund invests in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities.
- **Government Securities Risk.** It is possible that the U.S. Government would not provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities if it is not required to do so by law. If a U.S. Government agency or instrumentality in which the Fund invests defaults, and the U.S. Government does not stand behind the obligation, the Fund's share price or yield could fall. Securities of certain U.S. Government sponsored entities, such as Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae, are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Government.
- **Libor Risk.** Instruments in which the Fund invests may pay interest at floating rates based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or may be subject to interest caps or floors based on LIBOR. In July 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority announced the desire to phase out the use of LIBOR by the end of 2021. There is currently no definitive information regarding the future utilization of LIBOR or of any particular replacement rate. Abandonment of or modifications to LIBOR could have adverse impacts on newly issued financial instruments and existing financial instruments which reference LIBOR. Abandonment of or modifications to LIBOR could lead to significant short-term and long-term uncertainty and market instability. It remains uncertain how such changes would be implemented and the effects such changes would have on the Fund, issuers of instruments in which the Fund invests and financial markets generally.
- **Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** Asset-backed securities represent interests in "pools" of assets, including consumer loans or receivables. Movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain types of asset-backed securities. Although certain asset-backed securities are guaranteed as to timely payment of interest and principal by a government entity, the market price for such securities is not guaranteed and will fluctuate. The purchase of asset-backed securities issued by non-government entities may entail greater risk than such securities that are issued or guaranteed by a government entity. Asset-backed securities issued by non-government entities may offer higher yields than those issued by government entities, but may also be subject to greater volatility than government issues and can also be subject to greater credit risk and the risk of default on the underlying assets. Investments in asset-backed securities are subject to both extension risk, where borrowers pay off their debt obligations more slowly in times of rising interest rates, and prepayment risk, where borrowers pay off their debt obligations sooner than expected in times of declining interest rates.
- **Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The value of your investment in the Fund is based on the market prices of the securities the Fund holds. These prices change daily due to economic and other events that affect markets generally, as well as those that affect particular regions, countries, industries, companies or governments. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. There is a risk that you may lose money by investing in the Fund.
- **COVID-19 Risk.** An outbreak of infectious respiratory illness caused by the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 was first detected in China in December 2019 before spreading worldwide and being declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has resulted in travel restrictions, closed international borders, enhanced health screenings, disruption and delays in healthcare services, prolonged quarantines, cancellations, temporary store closures, social distancing, government ordered curfews and business closures, disruptions to supply chains and consumer activity, shortages, highly volatile financial markets, and general concern and uncertainty.
- **Sector Concentration Risk.** The Fund may focus its investments in securities of a particular sector. Economic, legislative or regulatory developments may occur that significantly affect the sector. This may cause the Fund's net asset value to fluctuate more than that of a fund that does not focus in a particular sector.
- **Cybersecurity Risks.** Despite the various protections utilized by the Fund and its service providers, systems, networks, or devices utilized by the Fund potentially can be breached. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach.

- **New Adviser Risk.** The Adviser has not previously managed a mutual fund. As a result, investors do not have a long-term track record of managing a mutual fund from which to judge the Adviser and the Adviser may not achieve the intended result in managing the Fund. Mutual funds and their advisers are subject to restrictions and limitations imposed by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the Internal Revenue Code, that do not apply to the adviser's management of other types of individual and institutional accounts.

Performance

The bar chart below shows how the Fund's investment results have varied from year to year. The table below shows how the Fund's average annual total returns compare over time to those of a broad-based securities market index and a supplemental index. This information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Past performance of the Fund is no guarantee of how it will perform in the future. The Fund changed its principal investment strategies on October 1, 2020. Performance prior to that date reflects the Fund's prior principal investment strategies.



Highest/Lowest quarterly results during this time period were:

Best Quarter:	2 nd Quarter, 2020, 4.72%
Worst Quarter:	2 nd Quarter, 2013, (2.32)%

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (for the periods ended December 31, 2020)

Channel Short Duration Income Fund	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Return Before Taxes	7.49%	3.75%	3.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.66%	2.50%	1.97%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	5.48%	2.45%	1.98%
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index^{1,2} (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses and taxes)	4.71%	2.77%	2.19%
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Government/Credit Bond Index² (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses and taxes)	6.43%	3.64%	3.11%

- 1 Effective October 1, 2020, in order to align with the Fund's modified investment strategies, the Fund's primary index changed from the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Government/Credit Bond Index to the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index.
- 2 The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Government/Credit Bond Index and the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index (each an "Index") are widely recognized unmanaged indices of bond prices and are representative of a broader market and range of securities than is found in the Fund's portfolio. The Index returns do not reflect the deduction of expenses, which have been deducted from the Fund's returns. The Index returns assume reinvestment of all distributions and do not reflect the deduction of taxes and fees. Individuals cannot invest directly in an Index. However, an individual may invest in exchange traded funds or other investment vehicles that attempt to track the performance of a benchmark index.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or IRAs. The index returns presented above assume reinvestment of all distributions and exclude the effect of taxes and fees (if expenses and taxes were deducted, the actual returns of the Index would be lower).

Current performance of the Fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted above. Performance data current to the most recent month end may be obtained by calling (877) 627-8504.

Portfolio Management

Investment Adviser – Channel Investment Partners LLC

Portfolio Manager – The following portfolio manager has been responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund since August 1, 2020:

- Matthew Duch - Managing Partner, CIO and CCO

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Minimum Initial Investment

\$2,500

To Place Buy or Sale Orders

By Mail: Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o: Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

Minimum Additional Investment

\$100

By Phone: (877) 627-8504

You may also sell or redeem shares through your dealer or financial adviser. Please contact your financial intermediary directly to find out if additional requirements apply.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan, individual retirement account (IRA) or 529 college savings plan. Tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or trust company), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND'S PRINCIPAL STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is total return, comprised of both income and capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of short-term, investment grade fixed income securities. The Fund may purchase intermediate and long-term bonds while maintaining an effective weighted average portfolio duration, under normal circumstances, of one to three and one-half years.

Under normal conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 65% of its net assets in investment grade debt securities. The Fund invests principally in bonds issued by U.S. corporations and the U.S. Government or its agencies. The Fund may also purchase various asset-backed securities. The Fund's adviser, Channel Investment Partners LLC (the "Adviser") seeks to add value for Fund investors and to maximize the Fund's risk-adjusted returns versus the unmanaged Bloomberg Barclays U.S. 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index® (the "Benchmark Index") by managing the duration of the Fund's portfolio and through sector allocation and issue selection.

The Adviser uses a proprietary process that combines economic momentum, inflationary expectations and technical factors to evaluate interest rate changes in order to manage the duration of the Fund's portfolio in an effort to mitigate risk and maximize total return. The concept of duration is a measure of a security's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Changes in interest rates could result in fluctuation of prices in fixed income securities. For example, if the Adviser's interest rate forecast is positive, the Fund's portfolio may be positioned longer in duration than its Benchmark Index. If the outlook is negative, the Adviser may position the Fund's portfolio shorter than the Benchmark Index. Duration, generally, indicates the number of years over which the initial purchase price will be repaid based on its cash flow. In addition to duration management, the Fund invests in securities of varying maturities, typically one to five years consistent with the Benchmark, depending on market conditions. Maturity, unlike duration, indicates the number of years until the security will repay principal, if not sold early.

The Adviser evaluates each sector represented in the Benchmark Index and manages the Fund's portfolio such that the Fund's investments may be over- or under-weighted in a particular sector relative to its Benchmark Index. Sector allocation decisions use many of the same inputs as those analyzed when formulating an interest rate forecast. Generally, the anticipation of narrowing credit spreads suggests a higher allocation to non-Treasury sectors, while widening credit spreads normally dictate a lower allocation.

The Fund may invest up to 35% of its assets in high yield bonds (commonly known as "junk bonds"). Junk bonds are bonds rated below BBB or its equivalent by any nationally recognized securities rating organization, or that are unrated but determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality.

After duration and sector determinations are made, the Fund's Adviser focuses on individual security selection and the credit quality of various fixed income issues. The Adviser seeks to identify attractively priced fixed income securities within each permitted credit category, considering the degree of liquidity and risk of a potential downgrade. The Adviser's approach in this regard is intended to identify a favorable risk/reward profile of securities held in the Fund's portfolio.

Under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in fixed income securities. The Fund may meet this objective by directly investing in fixed income securities, or by investing in other investment companies and ETFs that invest primarily in fixed income securities. This investment policy may not be changed without at least 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders. Fixed income securities for purposes of this policy include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored enterprises; corporate debt securities of U.S. issuers, including convertible securities and corporate commercial paper; and asset-backed securities; inflation-indexed bonds issued by both governments and corporations; structured notes, including hybrid or "indexed" securities, event-linked bonds and loan participations; delayed portfolio loans and revolving credit securities; bank certificates of deposit, fixed time deposits, bankers' acceptances and money market instruments; repurchase agreements; debt securities issued by state or local governments and their agencies and government-sponsored enterprises; obligations of foreign governments or their subdivisions, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises; and obligations of international agencies or supranational entities. All fixed income securities will be denominated in U.S. dollars.

The Fund may sell holdings that the Adviser believes have become unattractive, such as when fundamentals deteriorate or when other investment opportunities exist that may have more attractive yields.

From time to time, the Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in attempting to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. For example, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in cash, money market mutual funds, investment grade, short-term money market instruments, including U.S. Government and agency securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and other cash equivalents. The Fund may also invest in such instruments at any time to maintain liquidity or pending selection of investments in accordance with its investment strategies. To the extent the Fund makes these investments, the Fund might not achieve its investment objective.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

All investments involve risks, and the Fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by any government agency. As with any mutual fund investment, the Fund's returns and share price will fluctuate, and you may lose money by investing in the Fund. Below are some of the specific risks of investing in the Fund.

- **Management Risk.** The strategy used by the Adviser may fail to produce the intended results and may lose money.
- **Fixed Income Securities Risks.**
 - **Interest Rate Risk.** The market value of fixed income securities in which the Fund invests and, thus, the Fund's net asset value, can be expected to vary inversely with changes in interest rates. Fluctuations in the market value of fixed income securities subsequent to their acquisition will not affect cash income from such securities but will be reflected in the Fund's net asset value.

- **Duration Risk.** Prices of fixed income securities with longer effective durations are more sensitive to interest rate changes than those with shorter effective durations.
- **Credit Risk.** The issuer of a fixed income security may not be able or willing to make interest and principal payments when due. Generally, the lower the credit rating of a security, the greater the risk that the issuer will default on its obligation.
- **High Yield Risk.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in lower-rated, high-yielding bonds (commonly known as “junk bonds”). High yield bonds are considered to be speculative in nature with respect to an issuer’s ability to pay interest and principal. These bonds have a greater degree of default risk than higher-rated bonds. Default risk is the possibility that the issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest to the Fund.
- **Prepayment and Extension Risk.** As interest rates decline, the issuers of certain types of fixed income securities may prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund (or an underlying fund) to reinvest in lower yielding securities. As interest rates increase, slower than expected principal payments may extend the average life of fixed income securities, locking in below- market interest rates and reducing the value of these securities. There is a greater risk that the Fund will lose money due to prepayment and extension risks when the Fund invests in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities.
- **Government Securities Risk.** It is possible that the U.S. Government would not provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities if it is not required to do so by law. If a U.S. Government agency or instrumentality in which the Fund invests defaults, and the U.S. Government does not stand behind the obligation, the Fund’s share price or yield could fall. Securities of certain U.S. Government sponsored entities, such as Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae, are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The U.S. Government’s guarantee of ultimate payment of principal and timely payment of interest of any U.S. Government securities owned by the Fund does not imply that the Fund’s shares are guaranteed or that the price of the Fund’s shares will not fluctuate.
- **LIBOR Risk.** Instruments in which the Fund invests may pay interest at floating rates based on LIBOR or may be subject to interest caps or floors based on LIBOR. The Fund and issuers of instruments in which the Fund invests may also obtain financing at floating rates based on LIBOR. Derivative instruments utilized by the Fund and/or issuers of instruments in which the Fund may invest may also reference LIBOR. The Fund also may utilize leverage or borrowings primarily based on LIBOR. In July 2017, the head of the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority announced the desire to phase out the use of LIBOR by the end of 2021. There is currently no definitive information regarding the future utilization of LIBOR or of any particular replacement rate. Abandonment of or modifications to LIBOR could have adverse impacts on newly issued financial instruments and existing financial instruments that reference LIBOR. The effect of a phase out of LIBOR on U.S. instruments in which the Fund may invest is currently unclear. While some instruments may contemplate a scenario where LIBOR is no longer available by providing for an alternative rate setting methodology, not all instruments may have such provisions, and there is significant uncertainty regarding the effectiveness of any such alternative methodologies. To the extent that any replacement rate differs from that utilized for a structured product that holds those securities, the structured product would experience an interest rate mismatch between its assets and liabilities. Structured products generally contemplate a scenario where LIBOR is no longer available by requiring the structured product’s administrator to calculate a replacement rate primarily through dealer polling on the applicable measurement date. However, there is uncertainty regarding the effectiveness of the dealer polling processes, including the willingness of banks to provide such quotations. Recently, some structured products have included, or have been amended to include, language permitting the structured product’s investment manager to implement a market replacement rate upon the occurrence of certain material disruption events. However, not all structured products may adopt such provisions, nor can there be any assurance that structured products’ investment managers will undertake the suggested amendments when able. Abandonment of or modifications to LIBOR could lead to significant short-term and long-term uncertainty and market instability. It remains uncertain how such changes would be implemented and the effects such changes would have on the Fund, issuers of instruments in which the Fund invests and financial markets generally.

- **Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** Asset-backed securities represent interests in a pool of assets other than mortgages, such as home equity loans, automobile receivables or credit card receivables. Most asset-backed securities involve consumer or commercial debts with maturities of less than 10 years. However, almost any type of fixed-income asset (including other fixed-income securities) may be used to create an asset-backed security. Asset-backed securities may take the form of commercial paper, notes or pass-through certificates. A structured asset-backed security is a multiclass instrument that is typically backed by a pool of auto loans, credit card receivables, home equity loans or student loans.

Unscheduled prepayments of asset-backed securities may result in a loss of income if the proceeds are invested in lower-yielding securities. Conversely, in a rising interest rate environment, a declining prepayment rate will extend the average life of many asset-backed securities, which increases the risk of depreciation due to future increases in market interest rates. In addition, issuers of asset-backed securities may have limited ability to enforce the security interest in the underlying assets, and credit enhancements (if any) may be inadequate in the event of default. Asset-backed securities may experience losses on the underlying assets as a result of certain rights provided to consumer debtors under federal and state law. The value of asset-backed securities may be affected by the factors described above and other factors, such as interest rate risk, the availability of information concerning the pool and its structure, the creditworthiness of the servicing agent for the pool, the originator of the underlying assets or the entities providing credit enhancements and the ability of the servicer to service the underlying collateral. The value of asset-backed securities representing interests in a pool of utilities receivables may be adversely affected by changes in government regulations. Under certain market conditions, asset-backed securities may be less liquid and may be difficult to value. If a structured asset-backed security is subordinated to other classes backed by the same pool of collateral, the likelihood that it will make payments of principal may be substantially limited.

- **Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The market's daily movements, sometimes called volatility, may be greater or less depending on the types of securities the Fund owns and the markets in which the securities trade. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. The value and growth-oriented equity securities purchased by the Fund may experience large price swings and potential for loss.
- **COVID-19 Risk.** An outbreak of infectious respiratory illness caused by the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 was first detected in China in December 2019 before spreading worldwide and being declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has resulted in travel restrictions, closed international borders, enhanced health screenings, disruption and delays in healthcare services, prolonged quarantines, cancellations, temporary store closures, social distancing, government ordered curfews and business closures, disruptions to supply chains and consumer activity, shortages, highly volatile financial markets, and general concern and uncertainty. The impact of COVID-19, and other infectious illness outbreaks that may arise in the future, could adversely affect the economies and capital markets of many nations or the entire global economy, as well as individual companies, entire sectors, and securities and commodities markets (including liquidity), in ways that may not necessarily be foreseen at the present time. COVID-19 and other health crises in the future may exacerbate other pre-existing political, social and economic risks, and its impact in developing or emerging market countries may be greater due to less established health care systems. The duration and ultimate impact of the current outbreak is not known. There is a risk that you may lose money by investing in the Fund.
- **Sector Concentration Risk.** The Fund may focus its investments in securities of a particular sector. Economic, legislative or regulatory developments may occur that significantly affect the sector. This may cause the Fund's net asset value to fluctuate more than that of a fund that does not focus in a particular sector. For example, to the extent the Fund focuses its investments in the financial services sector, it will be exposed to additional risk related to changes in government regulations that affect the scope of activities of sector companies, the prices they can charge, and the amount of capital they must maintain. Companies in the financial services sector may also be significantly affected by general economic conditions, including changes in interest rates.
- **Cybersecurity Risks.** The computer systems, networks and devices used by the Fund and its service providers to carry out routine business operations employ a variety of protections designed to prevent damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches. Despite the various protections utilized by the Fund and its service providers, systems, networks, or devices potentially can be breached. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach. Cybersecurity breaches can include unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices; infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that shut down, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. Cybersecurity breaches may cause disruptions and impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV; impediments to trading; the inability of the Fund, the Adviser, and other service providers to transact business; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines; penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs; as well as the inadvertent release of confidential information.

- **New Adviser Risk.** The Adviser has not previously managed a mutual fund. As a result, investors do not have a long-term track record of managing a mutual fund from which to judge the Adviser and the Adviser may not achieve the intended result in managing the Fund. Mutual funds and their advisers are subject to restrictions and limitations imposed by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the Internal Revenue Code, that do not apply to the adviser's management of other types of individual and institutional accounts.

Changes in Investment Objective or Policies

The Fund's Board of Trustees (the "Board") may change the Fund's investment objective and/or its 80% policy without shareholder approval upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders. The Fund's other investment policies and strategies may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval unless otherwise provided in this prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information.

Temporary Defensive Positions

In response to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies, such as investing some or all of the Fund's assets in cash or cash equivalents. The Fund may also choose not to use these temporary defensive strategies for a variety of reasons, even in volatile market conditions. Engaging in these temporary defensive measures may cause the Fund to miss out on investment opportunities and may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective. While temporary defensive positions are designed to limit losses, these strategies may not work as intended.

Portfolio Holdings

A description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Adviser

Channel Investment Partners LLC, located at 4601 N. Fairfax Drive, Ste. 1200, Arlington, VA 22203, serves as Adviser to the Fund. The Adviser has overall supervisory management responsibility for the general management and investment of the Fund and its portfolio. The Adviser sets the Fund's overall investment strategies, identifies securities for investment, determines when securities should be purchased or sold by the Fund, selects brokers or dealers to execute transactions for the Fund's portfolio and votes any proxies solicited by portfolio companies.

The Adviser provides investment advisory services to the Fund. The Adviser has a disciplined investment process that it believes will produce superior performance while managing risk. As of September 30, 2020, the Adviser managed approximately \$30 million in assets.

For its advisory services, the Adviser is entitled to receive a fee from the Fund equal to 0.40% of its average daily net assets of the Fund. The Adviser contractually has agreed to waive its fee and to the extent necessary, reimburse certain Fund operating expenses so that the total annual operating expenses, excluding portfolio transaction and other investment-related costs (including brokerage fees and commissions); taxes; borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expenses on securities sold short); acquired fund fees and expenses; fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example option and swap fees and expenses); any amounts payable pursuant to a distribution or service plan adopted in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940; any administrative and/or shareholder servicing fees payable pursuant to a plan adopted by the Board; expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization; extraordinary expenses (such as litigation expenses, indemnification of Trust officers and Trustees and contractual indemnification of Fund service providers); and other expenses that the Trustees agree have not been incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business, do not exceed 0.95% of the Fund's average daily net assets. The contractual agreement is in place through January 31, 2022. Each waiver/expense payment by the Adviser is subject to recoupment by the Adviser from the Fund in the three years following the date the particular waiver/expense payment occurred, but only if such recoupment can be achieved without exceeding the annual expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver/expense payment and any expense limitation in effect at the time of the recoupment. Prior to August 1, 2020 Financial Counselors, Inc. ("FCI") managed the Fund. Prior to October 1, 2020, the expense limitation was 0.80% of the Fund's daily net assets. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, FCI and the Adviser received a fee equal to 0.31% of the average daily net assets of the Fund, after fee waivers and reimbursements. The Adviser is entitled to recoup from the Fund fees waived and expenses reimbursed by FCI and the Adviser in the three years following the date the particular waiver/expense payment occurred, but only if such recoupment can be achieved without exceeding the annual expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver/expense payment and any expense limitation in effect at the time of the recoupment.

The Adviser, not the Fund, may pay certain financial institutions (which may include banks, broker-dealers and other industry professionals) a fee for providing distribution related services and/or for performing certain administrative servicing functions for the Fund's shareholders to the extent these institutions are allowed to do so by applicable statute, rule or regulation. The Fund may from time to time purchase securities issued by financial institutions that provide such services; however, in selecting investments for the Fund, no preference will be shown for such securities.

A discussion of the factors that the Board considered in approving the Fund's management agreement is included in the Fund's annual report to shareholders for the period ended September 30, 2020.

Portfolio Manager

The investment decisions for the Fund are made by Matthew Duch, who is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio.

Matthew Duch – Mr. Duch formed the Adviser in 2019 and registered it with the SEC in April 2020. From 2016 to present, Mr. Duch has managed private investments through Duch Capital Management LLC. From 2006 to 2016 Mr. Duch was a Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager for Bethesda, MD based Calvert Investment Management. In his role as a Lead and Co-Portfolio Manager, he was responsible for portfolio construction, credit analysis and trading delivering top decile and quartile performance, winning Lipper Fund Awards in 2008 and 2013. Assets under management nearly doubled from approximately \$5bn in 2006 to approximately \$9bn in 2009. Since joining the Calvert taxable fixed income team in 2006, he primarily focused on investment grade, high yield and distressed corporate debt, leveraged loans, taxable municipals and treasuries, both bonds and derivatives. Various investment strategies also differed along the interest rate curve from ultra short to long duration.

From 2002 to 2005, Mr. Duch was a Trader/Sector Manager at Deutsche Asset Management (DeAM) in New York. While at DeAM, he was responsible for trading over \$27 billion in investment grade and high yield credit for insurance, mutual fund and separately managed accounts. As a sector manager, he helped manage an approximately \$850 million long-only credit, total-return portfolio that routinely outperformed the Lehman U.S. Credit Index (now the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Credit Index) benchmark.

From 1998 to 2002, Mr. Duch worked at Zurich Scudder Investments in Chicago in several positions including Corporate Trader and Assistant Portfolio Manager with a focus on portfolio risk analytics.

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio manager, including his compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of shares of the Fund.

ACCOUNT INFORMATION

How To Buy Shares

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. This means that when you open an account, we will ask for your name, residential address, date of birth, government identification number and other information that will allow us to identify you. We also may ask to see your driver's license or other identifying documents, and may take additional steps to verify your identity. If we do not receive these required pieces of information, there may be a delay in processing your investment request, which could subject your investment to market risk. If we are unable to immediately verify your identity, the Fund may restrict further investment until your identity is verified. However, if we are unable to verify your identity, the Fund reserves the right to close your account without notice and return your investment to you at the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") determined on the day in which your account is closed. If we close your account because we are unable to verify your identity, your investment will be subject to market fluctuation, which could result in a loss of a portion of your principal investment.

The minimum initial investment in the Fund is \$2,500 and minimum subsequent investments are \$100. The Adviser may, in its sole discretion, waive these minimums for individual retirement accounts (IRAs) and in certain other circumstances. The Fund may waive or lower investment minimums for investors who invest in the Fund through an asset-based fee program made available through a financial intermediary. If your investment is aggregated into an omnibus account established by an investment adviser, broker or other intermediary, the account minimums apply to the omnibus account, not to your individual investment; however, the financial intermediary may also impose minimum requirements that are different from those set forth in this prospectus. If you choose to purchase or redeem shares directly from the Fund, you will not incur charges on purchases and redemptions (other than for short-term redemptions). However, if you purchase or redeem shares through a broker-dealer or another intermediary, you may be charged a fee (including commissions) by that intermediary.

BY DEPOSITING SECURITIES — Shares of the Fund may be purchased in exchange for an investor’s securities if the securities are acceptable to the Adviser and satisfy applicable investment objectives and policies of the Fund. Investors interested in exchanging securities should first contact the Adviser and acquire instructions regarding submission of a written description of the securities which the investor wishes to exchange. The Fund must receive a written representation that all such securities offered to the Fund are not subject to any sale restrictions. Within five business days of receipt of the written description of securities and the required representation, the Adviser will notify the investor whether the securities to be exchanged are acceptable. There is no charge for this review by the Adviser. Securities accepted by the Fund must have a readily ascertainable value as determined by the Fund’s administrator and fund accountant. Securities are valued in the manner described for valuing Fund assets in the section entitled “Determination of Net Asset Value.” Acceptance of an order may occur on any day during the five-day period afforded the Adviser to review the acceptability of the securities. Upon acceptance of such order, the securities must be delivered in fully negotiable form within five days. The Adviser will provide delivery instructions at the time of acceptance. A gain or loss for federal income tax purposes may be realized by the investor upon the exchange of securities, depending upon the adjusted tax basis and value of the securities tendered. The Fund will accept securities in this manner only for purposes of investment, and not for resale.

Initial Purchase

By Mail – To be in proper form, your initial purchase request must include:

- a completed and signed investment application form; and
- a personal check with name pre-printed (subject to the minimum amounts) made payable to the Fund

Mail the application and check to:

U.S. Mail:

Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

Overnight:

Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

By Wire – You may also purchase shares of the Fund by wiring federal funds from your bank, which may charge you a fee for doing so. To wire money, you must call Shareholder Services at 1-877-627-8504 to obtain instructions on how to set up your account and to obtain an account number.

You must provide a signed application to Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, (“Ultimus”) at the above address in order to complete your initial wire purchase. Wire orders will be accepted only on a day on which the Fund, its custodian and transfer agent are open for business. A wire purchase will not be considered made until the wired money is received and the purchase is received by the Fund. The purchase price per share will be the NAV next determined after the wire purchase is received by the Fund. Any delays which may occur in wiring money, including delays which may occur in processing by the banks, are not the responsibility of the Fund or the transfer agent. There is presently no fee for the receipt of wired funds, but the Fund may charge shareholders for this service in the future.

Additional Investments

You may purchase additional shares of the Fund at any time (subject to minimum investment requirements) by mail, wire or automatic investment. Each additional mail purchase request must contain:

- your name
- the name on your account(s)
- your account number(s)
- a check made payable to the Fund

Checks should be sent to the Fund at the address listed under the heading “Initial Purchase – By Mail” in this prospectus. To send a bank wire, follow the instructions outlined under the heading “Initial Purchase – By Wire” in this prospectus.

Automatic Investment Plan

You may make regular investments in the Fund with an Automatic Investment Plan by completing the appropriate section of the account application or completing a systematic investment plan form with the proper signature guarantee and attaching a voided personal check. Investments may be made monthly or at another frequency to allow dollar-cost averaging by automatically deducting \$100 or more from your bank checking account. You may change the amount of your purchase at any time. If an Automatic Investment Plan purchase is rejected by your bank, your shareholder account will be charged a fee to defray bank charges.

Tax Sheltered Retirement Plans

Shares of the Fund may be an appropriate investment medium for tax-sheltered retirement plans, including: individual retirement plans (IRAs); simplified employee pensions (SEPs); 401(k) plans; qualified corporate pension and profit-sharing plans (for employees); tax-deferred investment plans (for employees of public school systems and certain types of charitable organizations); and other qualified retirement plans. You should contact the Fund’s transfer agent for the procedure to open an IRA or SEP plan, as well as more specific information regarding these retirement plan options. Please consult with an attorney or tax adviser regarding these plans. You must pay custodial fees for your IRA by redemption of sufficient shares of the Fund from the IRA unless you pay the fees directly to the IRA custodian. Call Shareholder Services about the IRA custodial fees.

Distribution Plan

The Trust, with respect to the Fund, has adopted a distribution plan in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Under this plan, the Fund may pay a fee of 0.25% of its average daily net assets to the Adviser and/or certain broker-dealers, investment advisers, banks or other financial intermediaries to help defray the cost of servicing Fund shareholders. Because these fees are an ongoing expense, over time they reduce the net investment results of the Fund and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. The Fund has not implemented its 12b-1 Plan, although the Fund may do so upon 60 days’ notice to shareholders.

Other Purchase Information

The Fund may limit the amount of purchases and refuse to sell shares to any person. If your check or wire does not clear, you will be responsible for any loss incurred by the Fund. You may be prohibited or restricted from making future purchases in the Fund. Checks must be made payable to the Fund. The Fund and its transfer agent may refuse any purchase order for any reason. Cash, third party checks (except for properly endorsed IRA rollover checks), counter checks, starter checks, traveler’s checks, money orders, (other than money orders issued by a bank), credit card checks, and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions will not be accepted. Cashier’s checks, bank official checks, and bank money orders may be accepted. In such cases, a 15 business day hold will be applied to the funds (which means that you may not redeem your shares until the holding period has expired).

The Fund has authorized certain broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries (including their designated intermediaries) to accept on its behalf purchase and sell orders. The Fund is deemed to have received an order when the authorized person or designee accepts the order, and the order is processed at the NAV next calculated thereafter. It is the responsibility of the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary to transmit orders promptly to the Fund’s transfer agent.

How To Redeem Shares

You may receive redemption payments by check, ACH or federal wire transfer. The proceeds may be more or less than the purchase price of your shares, depending on the market value of the Fund's securities at the time of your redemption. A wire transfer fee of \$15 is charged to defray custodial charges for redemptions paid by wire transfer. This fee is subject to change. Any charges for wire redemptions will be deducted from your account by redemption of shares.

The Fund encourages, to the extent possible, advance notification of large redemptions. The Fund typically expects to hold cash or cash equivalents sufficient to meet redemption requests. However, the Fund may also use the proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities to meet redemption requests if consistent with management of the Fund. These redemption methods may be used regularly and may also be used under stressed market conditions. The Fund may access a line of credit to meet redemption requests during stressed market conditions.

The Fund will normally pay your redemption proceeds to you in cash. However, if the amount you are redeeming is over the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's NAV, the Fund has the right to redeem your shares in kind by giving you the amount that exceeds the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's NAV in securities instead of cash. In the event that an in-kind distribution is made, a shareholder may incur additional expenses, such as the payment of brokerage commissions, on the sale or other disposition of the securities received from the Fund. Additionally, if the Fund redeems your shares in-kind, then you will bear the market risks associated with the securities paid to you as redemption proceeds. If you redeem your shares through a broker-dealer or other intermediary, you may be charged a fee (including commissions) by that intermediary.

By Mail – You may redeem any part of your account in the Fund at no charge by mail. Your request should be addressed to:

U.S. Mail:

Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

Overnight:

Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246

Your request for a redemption must include your letter of instruction, including the Fund name, account number, account name(s), the address, and the dollar amount or number of shares you wish to redeem. Requests to sell shares that are received in proper order are processed at the NAV next calculated after the Fund receives your order in proper form. To be in proper order, your request must be signed by all registered share owner(s) in the exact name(s) and any special capacity in which they are registered. The Fund may require that signatures be guaranteed if you request the redemption check be made payable to any person other than the shareholder(s) of record, mailed to an address other than the address of record, or if the mailing address has been changed within 30 days of the redemption request, or in certain other circumstances, such as to prevent unauthorized account transfers or redemptions. The Fund may also require a signature guarantee for redemptions of \$50,000 or more. Signature guarantees are for the protection of shareholders. You can obtain a signature guarantee from most banks and securities dealers, but not from a notary public. All documentation requiring a signature guarantee stamp must utilize a New Technology Medallion stamp, generally available from the bank where you maintain a checking or savings account. For joint accounts, both signatures must be guaranteed. Please call Shareholder Services at 1-877-627-8504 if you have questions. At the discretion of the Fund or the Fund's transfer agent, a shareholder, prior to redemption, may be required to furnish additional legal documents to insure proper authorization.

By Telephone – You may redeem any part of your account (up to \$50,000) in the Fund by calling Shareholder Services at 1-877-627-8504.

You must first complete the Optional Telephone Redemption and Exchange section of the investment application or provide a signed letter of instructions with the proper signature guarantee stamp to institute this option. The Fund, the transfer agent and the custodian are not liable for following redemption or exchange instructions communicated by telephone to the extent that they reasonably believe the telephone instructions to be genuine. However, if they do not employ reasonable procedures to confirm that telephone instructions are genuine, they may be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. Procedures employed may include recording telephone instructions and requiring a form of personal identification from the caller.

The Fund or the transfer agent may terminate the telephone redemption procedures at any time. During periods of extreme market activity, it is possible that shareholders may encounter some difficulty in telephoning the Fund, although neither the Fund nor the transfer agent have ever experienced difficulties in receiving and in a timely fashion responding to telephone requests for redemptions or exchanges. If you are unable to reach the Fund by telephone, you may request a redemption or exchange by mail.

Additional Information – If you are not certain of the requirements for a redemption please call Shareholder Services at 1-877-627-8504. Redemptions specifying a certain date or share price cannot be accepted and will be returned. You will be mailed the proceeds on or before the seventh day following the redemption. However, payment for redemption made against shares purchased by check will be made only after the check has been collected, which normally may take up to 15 calendar days. Also, when the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) is closed (or when trading is restricted) for any reason other than its customary weekend or holiday closing, or under any emergency circumstances (as determined by the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”)) the Fund may suspend redemptions or postpone payment dates. You may be assessed a fee if the Fund incurs bank charges because you direct the Fund to re-issue a redemption check.

For non-retirement accounts, redemption proceeds, including dividends and other distributions, sent by check by the Fund and not cashed within 180 days will be reinvested in the Fund at the current day’s NAV. Redemption proceeds that are reinvested are subject to market risk like any other investment in the Fund.

Because the Fund incurs certain fixed costs in maintaining shareholder accounts, the Fund may require you to redeem all of your shares in the Fund on 30 days’ written notice if the value of your shares in the Fund is less than \$1,000 due to redemptions, or such other minimum amount as the Fund may determine from time to time. You may increase the value of your shares in the Fund to the minimum amount within the 30-day period. All shares of the Fund are also subject to involuntary redemption if the Board determines to liquidate the Fund. In such event, pursuant to the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, the Board may close the Fund with notice to shareholders but without having to obtain shareholder approval. An involuntary redemption will create a capital gain or capital loss which may have tax consequences about which you should consult your tax adviser.

Fund’s Policy on Market Timing. The Fund discourages market timing. Market timing is an investment strategy using frequent purchases, redemptions and/or exchanges in an attempt to profit from short-term market movements. Market timing may result in dilution of the value of the Fund’s shares held by long-term shareholders, disrupt portfolio management and increase Fund expenses for all shareholders. The Board has adopted a policy directing the Fund to reject any purchase order with respect to any investor, a related group of investors or their agent(s), where the Fund detects a pattern of purchases and sales of the Fund’s shares that indicates market timing or trading that the Fund determines is abusive. This policy generally applies to all shareholders of the Fund.

The Board also has adopted a redemption policy to discourage short-term traders and/or market timers from investing in the Fund. A 1.00% short-term redemption fee will be assessed by the Fund against investment proceeds withdrawn within 60 calendar days of investment. Fund shares received from reinvested distributions or capital gains are not subject to the redemption fee. After excluding any shares that are associated with reinvested distributions from the redemption fee calculation, the Fund uses a “first-in, first-out” method to determine the 60-day holding period. Thus, if you bought shares on different days, the shares purchased first will be redeemed first for purposes of determining whether the redemption fee applies. The proceeds collected from redemption fees will be retained by the Fund for the benefit of existing shareholders.

Ultimus, the Fund’s administrator, performs automated monitoring of short-term trading activity for the Fund. Instances of suspected short-term trading are investigated by the compliance department. If an instance is deemed a violation of the short-term trading policies of the Fund, then Ultimus notifies the Fund’s adviser and action, such as suspending future purchases, may be taken. A quarterly certification reporting any instances of short-term trading in violation of a Fund’s policies is provided to the Board.

Redemption fees may be waived for mandatory retirement withdrawals, systematic withdrawals, redemptions made to pay for various administrative fees and, at the sole discretion of the adviser, due to changes in an investor’s circumstances, such as death. No exceptions will be granted to persons believed to be “market timers.”

There is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to detect or deter market timing in all accounts. In particular, many shareholders may invest in the Funds through financial intermediaries that hold omnibus accounts with the Fund. Omnibus accounts—in which Fund shares are held in the name of an intermediary on behalf of multiple beneficial owners—are a common form that financial intermediaries (including brokers, advisers, and third-party administrators) use to hold shares for their clients. In general, the Fund is not able to identify trading by a particular beneficial owner within an omnibus account, which makes it difficult or impossible to determine if a particular shareholder is engaging in market timing and to apply the Fund’s redemption fee. Ultimus reviews trading activity at the omnibus account level and looks for activity that may indicate potential frequent trading or market timing. If cash flows or other information indicate that market timing may be taking place, the Fund will seek the intermediary’s assistance to help identify and remedy any market timing. However, the Fund’s ability to monitor and deter market timing in omnibus accounts and to apply its redemption fee ultimately depends on the capabilities and cooperation of these third-party financial intermediaries. Financial intermediaries may apply different or additional limits on frequent trading, and financial intermediaries may be unwilling or unable to apply the Fund’s redemption fee. If you invest in the Fund through an intermediary, please read that intermediary’s program materials carefully to learn of any additional rules or fees that may apply.

Determination of Net Asset Value

The price you pay for your shares is based on the Fund's NAV per share. The Fund's NAV is calculated at the close of trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day the NYSE is open for business. The NYSE is closed on Saturdays, Sundays and the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. The Fund's NAV is calculated by dividing the value of the Fund's total assets (including interest and dividends accrued but not yet received) minus liabilities (including accrued expenses) by the total number of shares outstanding. Requests to purchase and sell shares are processed at the NAV next calculated after the Fund receives your order in proper form.

The Fund's assets generally are valued at their market value. Fixed income securities for which market quotations are readily available are generally valued based upon the mean of the last bid and ask prices as provided by an independent pricing service. If market quotations are not readily available, the pricing service may use electronic data processing techniques and/or a computerized matrix system to determine valuations. In determining the value of a bond or other fixed income security, matrix pricing takes into consideration recent transactions, yield, liquidity, risk, credit quality, coupon, maturity and type of issue, and any other factors or market data as the independent pricing service deems relevant for the security being priced and for other securities with similar characteristics.

Equity securities are generally valued by using market quotations. Equity securities traded on a securities exchange are valued at the last sales price reported by the primary exchange on which the securities are listed. Securities listed on NASDAQ are valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities traded on a securities exchange for which a last-quote price is not readily available will be valued at the last bid price.

If management or the Adviser considers a valuation unreliable due to market or other events (including events that occur after the close of the trading market but before the calculation of the NAV), then the assets will be valued at a fair value as determined in good faith by the Adviser pursuant to guidelines established by the Board. When pricing securities using the fair value guidelines established by the Board, the Adviser seeks to assign a value that represents the amount that the Fund might reasonably expect to receive upon a current sale of the securities.

Without fair value pricing, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of the Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders. However, there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short-term traders, or that the Fund will realize fair valuation upon the sale of a security. The Fund may invest in portfolio securities that are listed on foreign exchanges that trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares and, as a result, the NAV of the Fund's shares may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares.

Given the subjectivity inherent in fair valuation and the fact that events could occur after NAV calculation, the actual market prices for a security may differ from the fair value of that security as determined by the Adviser at the time of NAV calculation. Thus, discrepancies between fair values and actual market prices may occur on a regular and recurring basis. These discrepancies do not necessarily indicate that the Adviser's fair value methodology is inappropriate. The Fund's Adviser will adjust the fair values assigned to securities in the Fund's portfolio, to the extent necessary, as soon as market prices become available.

Dividends, Distributions and Taxes

Dividends and Distributions. The Fund typically distributes to its shareholders as dividends substantially all of its net investment income and any realized net capital gains. The Fund expects that its distributions will consist primarily of net investment income. The Fund expects to distribute net investment income monthly and realized net capital gains at least annually. These distributions, if any, are automatically reinvested in the Fund unless you request cash distributions on your application or through a written request to the Fund.

Taxes. Net investment income distributed by the Fund generally will consist of interest income, if any, and dividends received on investments, less expenses. The net investment dividend income you receive, whether or not reinvested, will be taxed as ordinary income. However, distributions of “qualified dividend income” (generally, dividends received by the Fund from domestic corporations and some foreign corporations) generally will be taxable to individuals and most trusts and estates at the same maximum federal income tax rate applicable to capital gains (currently 20%).

The Fund will typically distribute net realized capital gains (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, to its shareholders once a year. Capital gains are generated when the Fund sells its capital assets for a profit. Capital gains are taxed differently depending on how long the Fund has held the capital asset sold. Distributions of gains recognized on the sale of capital assets held for one year or less are taxed at ordinary income rates; distributions of gains recognized on the sale of capital assets held longer than one year are taxed at long-term capital gains rates regardless of how long you have held your shares. Currently, long-term capital gains are generally taxable to individuals and most trusts and estates at a maximum federal income tax rate of 20%. If the Fund distributes an amount exceeding its income and gains, this excess will generally be treated as a non-taxable return of capital.

Unless you indicate another option on your account application, any dividends and capital gain distributions paid to you by the Fund automatically will be invested in additional shares of the Fund. Alternatively, you may elect to have: (1) dividends paid to you in cash and the amount of any capital gain distributions reinvested; or (2) the full amount of any dividends and capital gain distributions paid to you in cash. The Fund will send dividends and capital gain distributions elected to be received as cash to the address of record or bank of record on the applicable account. Your distribution option will automatically be converted to having all dividends and other distributions reinvested in additional shares if any of the following occur:

- Postal or other delivery service is unable to deliver checks to the address of record;
- Dividends and capital gain distributions are not cashed within 180 days; or
- Bank account of record is no longer valid.

Dividends and capital gain distribution checks issued by the Fund which are not cashed within 180 days will be reinvested in the Fund at the current day’s NAV. When reinvested, those amounts are subject to market risk like any other investment in the Fund.

You may want to avoid making a substantial investment when the Fund is about to make a taxable distribution because you would be responsible for any taxes on the distribution regardless of how long you have owned your shares.

Selling shares for a gain is usually a taxable event to the Fund’s shareholders as long-term or short-term capital gains, depending on whether you held the shares for more than one year or less than that period, respectively. Losses are subject to special rules.

An additional 3.8% Medicare tax generally will be imposed on certain net investment income of non-corporate taxpayers, including dividends and capital gain distributions received from the Fund and gains from the sale of shares, including redemptions.

If shares of the Fund are purchased within 30 days before or after redeeming other shares of the Fund at a loss, all or a portion of that loss will not be deductible and will increase the basis of the newly purchased shares. If shares of the Fund are sold at a loss after being held by a shareholder for six months or less, the loss will be a long-term, instead of short-term, capital loss to the extent of any capital gain distributions received on the shares.

If you are a non-corporate shareholder and if the Fund does not have your correct social security or other taxpayer identification number, federal law requires us to withhold and pay to the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) 24% of your distributions and sales proceeds. If you are subject to back up withholding, we also will withhold and pay to the IRS 24% (or any applicable higher rate) of your distributions (under current law). Any tax withheld may be applied against the tax liability on your federal income tax return.

Because your tax situation is unique, you should consult your tax professional about federal, state and local tax consequences.

Cost Basis Reporting. Federal law requires that mutual fund companies report their shareholders’ cost basis, gain/loss, and holding period to the Internal Revenue Service on Fund shareholders’ Form 1099s when “covered” securities are sold. Covered securities generally include any regulated investment company and/or dividend reinvestment plan shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012.

The Fund has chosen Average Cost as the default tax lot identification method for all shareholders. This tax lot identification method is the way the Fund will determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases (including reinvested dividends and declared or reinvested capital gain distributions) on different dates at differing NAVs, and the entire position is not sold at one time. The Fund's default tax lot identification method is the method covered shares will be reported on your IRS Form 1099-B if you do not select a specific tax lot identification method. You may choose a method different from the Fund's default lot identification method at the time of your purchase or upon the sale of covered shares. Please refer to the appropriate Treasury Department regulations or consult your tax adviser with regard to your personal circumstances.

General Disclaimer. For those securities defined as "covered" under current IRS cost basis reporting regulations, the Fund is responsible for maintaining accurate cost basis and tax lot identification information for tax reporting purposes. The Fund is not responsible for the reliability or accuracy of the information for those securities that are not "covered." The Fund and its service providers do not provide tax advice. You should consult independent sources, which may include a tax professional, with respect to any decisions you may make with respect to choosing a tax lot identification method.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table is intended to help you better understand the financial performance of the Fund for the periods shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. Total return represents the rate you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. The Fund changed its principal investment strategies on October 1, 2020. Performance prior to that date reflects the Fund's prior principal investment strategies. The information was audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., an Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, is included in the Fund's Annual Report to Shareholders, which is available upon request without charge.

Channel Short Duration Income Fund (formerly FCI Bond Fund)

Financial Highlights

(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	Year Ended September 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Selected Per Share Data:					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 10.62	\$ 10.05	\$ 10.38	\$ 10.58	\$ 10.39
Investment operations:					
Net investment income	0.19	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.20
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.43	0.57	(0.33)	(0.20)	0.19
Total from investment operations	0.62	0.79	(0.12)	—	0.39
Less distributions to shareholders from:					
Net investment income	(0.20)	(0.22)	(0.21)	(0.20)	(0.20)
Total distributions	(0.20)	(0.22)	(0.21)	(0.20)	(0.20)
Paid in capital from redemption fees	—	—	—	— ^(a)	—
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 11.04	\$ 10.62	\$ 10.05	\$ 10.38	\$ 10.58
Total Return^(b)	5.92%	7.98%	(1.16)%	0.04%	3.78%
Ratios and Supplemental Data:					
Net assets, end of year (000 omitted)	\$ 30,432	\$ 37,343	\$ 36,001	\$ 41,021	\$ 41,458
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Ratio of expenses to average net assets before reimbursement/recoupment	0.89%	0.90%	0.91%	0.88%	0.88%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	1.73%	2.16%	2.02%	1.92%	1.84%
Portfolio turnover rate	178% ^(c)	18%	21%	39%	29%

(a) Rounds to less than \$0.005 per share.

(b) Total return represents the rate that the investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of distributions.

(c) Elevated portfolio turnover rate is due to adviser change during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You can find additional information about the Fund in the following documents:

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports: While the prospectus describes the Fund's potential investments, the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports detail the Fund's actual investments as of their report dates. The Annual Report includes a discussion by Fund management of recent market conditions, economic trends, and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during the reporting period.

Statement of Additional Information (SAI): The SAI supplements the prospectus and contains additional information about the Fund and their investment restrictions, risks, policies and operations, including the Fund's policies and procedures relating to the disclosure of portfolio holdings by the Fund's affiliates. A current SAI for the Fund is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is incorporated into this prospectus by reference, which means it is considered part of this prospectus.

How to Obtain Copies of Other Fund Documents

You can obtain free copies of the Fund's current SAI and Annual and Semi-Annual Reports, and request other information about the Fund or make shareholder inquiries, in any of the following ways:

On the Internet: Download these documents from the Fund's Internet site at www.channelfunds.com.

By Telephone: Call Shareholder Services at (877) 627-8504.

By Mail: Send a written request to:

Channel Short Duration Income Fund
c/o Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

Information about the Fund (including the SAI and other reports) is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act #811-21237